Design and Technology Curriculum

Nursery

Educational programmes: Revised EYFS framework 2021

Expressive arts and design

The development of children's artistic and cultural awareness supports their imagination and creativity. It is important that children have regular opportunities to engage with the arts, enabling them to explore and play with a wide range of media and materials. The quality and variety of what children see, hear and participate in is crucial for developing their understanding, self-expression, vocabulary and ability to communicate through the arts. The frequency, repetition and depth of their experiences are fundamental to their progress in interpreting and appreciating what they hear, respond to and observe.

	Autumn	Spring	Summer
	Offer a variety of natural and man-m <mark>ade</mark> materials e		
Learning priorities	Explore properties of different objects /materials: moving, combining, lining up and stacking. Significant people: Andy Goldsworthy, sculptor	Begin to use selected parts to create simple constructions and models. Use simple tools to join, fix, cut etc.	Begin to make constructions and models with a purpose, deciding / planning what to make. Use tools with increasing control to support modelmaking.
Retrieval Vocabulary		Poke, pull, pinch, squeeze, pat, move, line up, stack	Poke, pull, pinch, squeeze, pat, move, line up, stack, mould, roll, squash, place, build, balance, join, stick, click, make, cut, tear, stick
New Vocabulary	Poke, pull, pinch, squeeze, pat, move, line up, stack	Mould, roll, squash, place, build, balance, join, stick, click, make, cut, tear, stick	Curl, twist, loop, shape, tap, fix

Reception

Educational programmes: Revised EYFS framework 2021

Expressive arts and design

The development of children's artistic and cultural awareness supports their imagination and creativity. It is important that children have regular opportunities to engage with the arts, enabling them to explore and play with a wide range of media and materials. The quality and variety of what children see, hear and participate in is crucial for developing their understanding, self-expression, vocabulary and ability to communicate through the arts. The frequency, repetition and depth of their experiences are fundamental to their progress in interpreting and appreciating what they hear, respond to and observe.

	Autumn	Spring	Summer
	Offer and extend a variety of natural and man-made flour & water)	materials e.g. 'junk' <mark>re</mark> cycl <mark>ed</mark> materials, twigs, pine cond	e <mark>s a</mark> nd different types of glue (e.g. PVA, glue sticks,
Learning priorities	Independently make constructions, using own ideas and available loose parts. Show increasing skills with combining, lining up, stacking etc.	Build and de-construct loose part models / constructions to represent real life / imaginary objects and experiences. Handle tools and materials with increasing control.	Make imaginative structures, using tools with control. Explore a wide range of materials, making simple forms and applying simple decorative features where wanted. Significant people: Barbara Hepworth, sculptor
Retrieval Vocabulary	pulling, poking, patting, lining up, stacking	Place, build, balance, join	Tab, fringe, tie, wrap, improve
New Vocabulary	Roll, cut, flatten, slot, fold, wedge	Cone, spiral	Pierce, separate

General: Through a variety of creative and practical activities, pupils should be taught the knowledge, understanding and skills needed to engage in an iterative process of designing and making. They should work in a range of relevant contexts [for example, the home and school, gardens and playgrounds, the local community, industry and the wider environment].

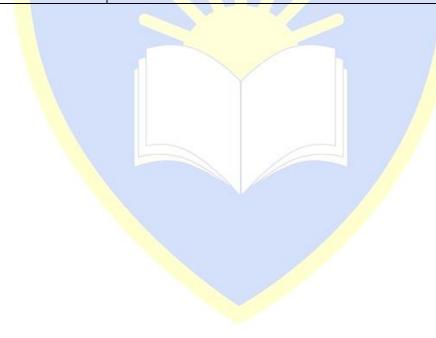
Year 1	Design	Make	EA	Evaluate	Techi	ni <mark>cal</mark> Knowledge	Cooking and Nutrition
Knowledge, understanding and skills	 Design purposeful, functional, appealing products for themselves and other users based on design criteria. Generate, develop, model and communicate their ideas through talking, drawing, templates, mock-ups and, where appropriate, information and communication technology. 	Select from and use a rand equipment to perfect tasks for example, cutting joining and finishing. Select from and use a waterials and compone including construction textiles and ingredients to their characteristics.	orm practical ng, shaping, vide range of ents, materials,	Explore and evaluate a range of existing products. Evaluate their ideas and products against design criteria.	they can be and more so Explore an example, le	tures, exploring how e made stronger, stiffer stable. d use mechanisms (for evers, sliders, wheels and eir products.	Use the basic principles of a healthy and varied diet to prepare dishes. Understand where food comes from.
	Autum	n		Spring			Summer
Key concept	Global Goal 12 – Responsible consumption and production Theme: Recycling			Global goal 4 – Quality education Theme: Learn through play		Global Goal 2 – Zero hunger Theme: Fruit dishes	
Learning Outcome				Make a game to support knowledge of number bonds to 10 including a moving mechanism. Purpose: to be played with a partner at the end of a maths lesson Significant people: Lizzie Magie (gender) Monopoly game inventor		Create a healthy fruit sna Significant people: Jame has MS but cooks from h	s Coke (disability) 'The Disabled Chef'
Sequence of learning	Research different cushion procomponents including shapes, textures and comfort levels. Through labelled pictures, desi which is large enough to seat a make the cushion attractive, conducational on multiple phonic particular child. Make cushions from recycled redisigns and with the use of a temperature of the cushions and library trips, focussing on the comfort and educational support	ign a comfortable cushion child. Consider how to comfortable as well as a sounds relevant to that material in line with prior emplate, selecting the e.g. tying, gluing and during Phonics sessions their attractiveness,	Research and discus (e.g. leve or sliding Design a groups. In paper mo Make a grand joinin materials Play and ethe best e	and evaluate levers and sliders, how they as how we could incorporate them into o rs made with paperclips, pipe cleaners an parts to reveal answers) game using a moving mechanism independence a labelled drawing and then generate up. ame using own design. Select their own rig techniques. Choose the most appropriated and equipment. Evaluate the games. Discuss what feature experience for learning and fun.	nur game and split pins andently or in ate a scrap aterials ate scale, as provided	discussing differences be Research and discuss we different fruits and vegous a range of small pieces • Design a healthy fruit so pointed recipe list, thin presentations (discuss for sorbets etc.) attractiver chosen fruits which contexture • Make a healthy snack in working hygienically. • Taste and evaluate our	nack using pictures, labels and a bullet king about a wide choice of fruit pictures, fruit roll ups, smoothies, ness of the dish and combining 3 inplement each other in flavour and including 3 fruits, selected by each child, own healthy fruit snacks. Which is you prefer and why? How did you

Year 1	Autumn	Spring	Summer
Retrieval Vocabulary	Design, recycle, awareness, important, material, make, product, draw, computer, shape, cut, equipment, resources, mock-up, construct, finish, waterproof, waste	Design, material, make, product, draw, computer, shape, cut, equipment, resources, mock-up, construct, finish	Flavour, taste, acidity, sweetness, fruity, nutty, creamy, bitter, sour, recipe, compliment, ingredient, dry, moist, bland, spicy, savoury, rich, salty, sugary, greasy, sour
New Vocabulary	Template, stapling, research, evaluate	Levers, sliders, mechanism	Recipe, presentation, combining, hygienic

General: Through a variety of creative and practical activities, pupils should be taught the knowledge, understanding and skills needed to engage in an iterative process of designing and making. They should work in a range of relevant contexts [for example, the home and school, gardens and playgrounds, the local community, industry and the wider environment].

Year 2	Design	Make	EA	Evaluate	Tecl	nni <mark>cal</mark> Knowledge	Cooking and Nutrition
Knowledge, understanding and skills	 Design purposeful, functional, appealing products for themselves and other users based on design criteria. Generate, develop, model and communicate their ideas through talking, drawing, templates, mock- ups and, where appropriate, information and communication technology. 	Select from and use a ra and equipment to perform tasks for example, cutti joining and finishing. Select from and use a waterials and compone including construction retailes and ingredients to their characteristics.	orm practical ng, shaping, vide range of nts, materials,	Explore and evaluate a range of existing products. Evaluate their ideas and product against design criteria.	they can and more Explore a example,	ictures, exploring how be made stronger, stiffer e stable. nd use mechanisms (for levers, sliders, wheels and their products.	Use the basic principles of a healthy and varied diet to prepare dishes. Understand where food comes from.
	Autum			Spring			Summer
Key concept	Global Goal 15- Life on Land Theme: Sustainability		Global Go production Theme: Up		n and	Cooking Global Goal 2 Theme: Protein foods	_
Learning Outcome	Make a minibeast microhabitat Purpose: to be a safe, warm env Significant people: architect Rei designer Alexander Qual of furn biodiversity	né Hougaard and product	Make bags Purpose: to Significant Keckley free	rpose: to use the bags for a fashion show rpificant people: fashion designer/ dressmaker Elizabeth ckley freed herself from slavery and designed for the most		Make no bake protein snacks Significant people: Ted Allen famous chef who presents Food Network (LGBT)	
Sequence of learning	Research and discuss the best materials to create a microhabitat out of recycled materials and materials sourced from the field. Evaluate and critique (using understanding from science) which microhabitat minibeasts would prefer e.g. light and dry, light and damp, dark and dry, dark and damp. Research different microhabitats to inspire individuality. Discuss why it is important to protect ecosystems of minibeasts eg pollination, food chains links etc. Design own microhabitat. Choose appropriate materials for structure. Understand the purpose of why they are making the microhabitat.			 Keckley freed herself from slavery and designed for the most influential women in Washington (ethnicity) Research a wide range of existing bags. Discuss the purpose of bags and look at different designs, consider who the user might be and how the product has been designed with the user in mind. Discuss sustainable fashion and how we can reduce how much clothing we buy. What else can we do with our old clothes? How can we make people aware of the problems to do with throwaway fashion? Design a bag and inner label (using computer aided design CAD). Create a label linked to sustainable fashion and recycling clothes. Consider shaping and finishing of the product Make a bag using recycled clothing and simple joining techniques. E.g. stapling, tying, gluing or simple stitching. Model the bags during a fashion show, then evaluate own bags and bags made by others. 		Consider fat, sugar and different existing protei variety of flavours. Desc. Discuss how to maintain Discuss where some of why protein is importar that is high in protein? Taste a range of individual in the control of the control	n a healthy, balanced and varied diet. the ingredients come from. Discuss nt. What is the benefit or having a diet ual ingredients. in snacks, including labelled diagrams

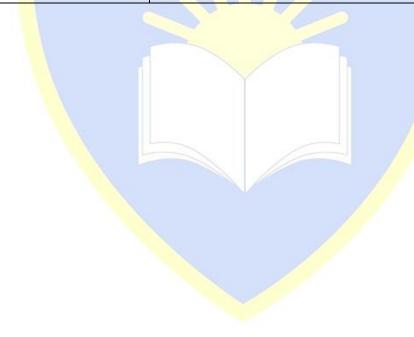
Year 2	Autumn	Spring	Summer
Retrieval Vocabulary	gather, recycle, food chain, materials, plastic, paper, wood, life, structure	textiles, fabric, plan, mock-up, create, finish, evaluate, sustainable	Flavour, taste, bitter, sour, recipe, compliment, ingredient, dry, moist, bland, spicy, savoury, rich, salty, greasy, sour
New Vocabulary	Microhabitat, sourced, suited	Renewable, prototype, throw-away fashion	Protein, organic, seasonality



General: Through a variety of creative and practical activities, pupils should be taught the knowledge, understanding and skills needed to engage in an iterative process of designing and making. They should work in a range of relevant contexts [for example, the home, school, leisure, culture, enterprise, industry and the wider environment].

Year 3	Design	Make	Evaluate	Techn <mark>ica</mark> l I	Knowledge	Cooking and Nutrition
Knowledge, understanding and skills	 Use research and develop design criteria to inform the design of innovative, functional, appealing products that are fit for purpose, aimed at particular individuals or groups. Generate, develop, model and communicate their ideas through discussion, annotated sketches, cross-sectional and exploded diagrams, prototypes, pattern pieces and computer-aided design. 	 Select from and use a wider range of tools and equipment to perform practical tasks [for example, cutting, shaping, joining and finishing], accurately. Select from and use a wider range of materials and components, including construction materials, textiles and ingredients, according to their functional properties and aesthetic qualities 	Investigate and analyse a range of existing products. Evaluate their ideas and products against their own design criteria and consider the views of others to improve their work. Understand how key events and individuals in design and technology have helped shape the world.	Apply their understan strengthen, stiffen and complex structures. Understand and use in their products [for exacams, levers and linka. Understand and use extheir products [for exacincorporating switches motors.] Apply their understand program, monitor and	d reinforce more nechanical systems in ample, gears, pulleys, ges.] lectrical systems in ample, series circuits s, bulbs, buzzers and	 Understand and apply the principles of a healthy and varied diet. Prepare and cook a variety of predominantly savoury dishes using a range of cooking techniques. Understand seasonality, and know where and how a variety of ingredients are grown, reared, caught and processed.
	Autum	n	Spring			Summer
Key concept	Global Goal 12 - Responsible consultations of the Goal 12 - Responsi	mption and production	Global Goal 4 -Quality educat Theme: Learn through play	ion	Global Goal 2: Zero h Theme: Energy foods	_
Learning Outcome	Create a plant container from recycled Purpose : to observe and nurture a heal Significant people : Rekha Mistry, garde graduate (ethnicity)	Ancient Egypt Purpose: to perform to the class using the moving picture as a prop and filling: Significant World's Bo		and fillings Significant people: Free	held savoury snack, using pastry nch chef Nina Métayer voted ef 2023 (first woman to be	
Sequence of learning	 Research different types of plant continuing plant containers and their features the eg Clay plant pots, rope hanging baske Discuss plastic pollution in the ocean, can do instead of continuing to buy sind bottles/containers. How can we combed to be provided the provided the provided the provided the provided the provided the most appropriate way to join together materials. Evaluate the container of durability, successfully the container allows the provided opportunities for children to container and the provided provided the provided provided the provided provided the container for durability, successfully the container allows the provided provided provided provided the provided provi	rough exploring different designs, ets, wooden containers etc plastics in landfill and what we ngle use plastic eat these issues? sing and natural materials, eg estic. eatural materials or repurposed naterials, using a cross sectional experience for the plant container. I or natural materials. Consider ether, cut and shape the	Research and explore different of mechanisms, with a focus on Using annotated sketches, desigor picture, including labels of th joining techniques. Create a cardboard prototype. Dieces and design. Make own moving picture/charmechanism, using wood. Use and evaluate own and other picture/character. Have they ac appealing aesthetic product? Weye-catching for the audience?	levers and linkages. gn a moving character ie use of materials and Think about size and Facter, including a ers' moving thieved an attractive or as the final product	different places we ca where and how a vari processed, eg vegetable • Discuss seasonality who vegetables are grown • Taste a range of veget pastry, eg puff pastry, • Design a healthy past eg a ball, tart, wrap, ro • Prepare and cook the • Taste and evaluate th	tables individually and types of short crust, filo. ry snack with 2 or more fillings,

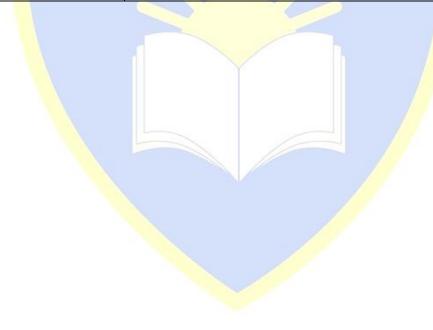
Year 3	Autumn	Spring	Summer
Retrieval Vocabulary	Design, material, make, product, draw, measure, online, computer, shape, cut, equipment, resources, mock-up, paper prototype, game cards, spinner, construct, finish	Research, develop, design criteria, functional, appealing, products, model, discussion, annotated sketches, prototypes, recycling, reuse	Dish, healthy balanced meal, carbohydrates, protein, food groups, vegetables, flavour, taste, acidity, sweetness, fruity, nutty, creamy, bitter, sour, recipe, seasonality, ingredient, dry, moist, bland, spicy, savoury, rich, salty, sugary, greasy, sour
New Vocabulary	Cross-sectional diagram, repurposed, pollution	Linkages, innovative, exploded diagrams	Source, processed, compliment



General: Through a variety of creative and practical activities, pupils should be taught the knowledge, understanding and skills needed to engage in an iterative process of designing and making. They should work in a range of relevant contexts [for example, the home, school, leisure, culture, enterprise, industry and the wider environment].

Year 4	Design	Make	A	Evalu	te	Techi	n <mark>ica</mark> l Knowledge	Cooking and Nutrition
Knowledge, understanding and skills	 Use research and develop design criteria to inform the design of innovative, functional, appealing products that are fit for purpose, aimed at particular individuals or groups. Generate, develop, model and communicate their ideas through discussion, annotated sketches, cross-sectional and exploded diagrams, prototypes, pattern pieces and computeraided design. 	Select from and use a wid of tools and equipment to perform practical tasks [for example, cutting, shaping, and finishing], accurately. Select from and use a wid of materials and compone including construction matextiles and ingredients, according to their function properties and aesthetic construction.	or , joining er range ents, terials,	Investigate and arexisting products. Evaluate their idea against their own and consider the volume to improve their volumerstand how individuals in desitechnology have reworld.	s and products esign criteria ews of others ork. ey events and n and	strengthen, stronglex struct Understand a in their product pulleys, cams Understand a their product circuits incorp buzzers and new Apply their understand and their product circuits incorp buzzers and new Apply their understand and their products incorp buzzers and new Apply their understand and their products are the products and their products are the products and the products are the products and the products are the produ	nd use mechanical systems lets [for example, gears, levers and linkages.] nd use electrical systems in [for example, series porating switches, bulbs,	 Understand and apply the principles of a healthy and varied diet. Prepare and cook a variety of predominantly savoury dishes using a range of cooking techniques. Understand seasonality, and know where and how a variety of ingredients are grown, reared, caught and processed.
	Autumr	1		S	ring		9	Summer
Key concept	Global Goal 12 – Responsible co production Theme: Recycling	nsumption and		Global Goal 6 – Clean water and sanitation Theme: Health			Global Goal 2 – Zero hunger Theme: Reduce sugar intake	
Learning Outcome	Make waterproof items from recycle Purpose: to test in a class experimer Significant people: Leo Baekeland, B the first fully synthetic plastic	of items from recycled materials. in a class experiment le: Leo Baekeland, Belgian chemist, inventor of thetic plastic Make Purpo water Signifi engine			Make a pulley system to extract what from a 'Roman well' Purpose: to participate in a class race to collect the most water in a set amount of time. Significant people: Archimedes, Greek Mathematician and engineer is one of the most famous of all time and used compound pulley systems			essert. Hussain (religion & ethnicity)
Sequence of learning	Think about items we use and thro plastic bottles and the impact this! Research existing waterproof item poncho, hats, umbrellas, with a formaterials. Design an item that uses recycled and can keep somebody dry in the annotated sketch or a patterned pie. Make a waterproof item from recy 4 child. Evaluate your own and others proof	 g and how it helps to look after our planet. ms we use and throw away eg. plastic bags/ nd the impact this has. Rese leave and throw away eg. plastic bags/ clear was and throw away eg. plastic bags/ leave away eg. plastic bags/ le			Discuss the progression of how Romans went from sourcing clean water from wells to developing aqueduct technology. Research the use of pulleys and gears and recap the use of leavers and linages and the ways in which these mechanisms can be used. Physically explore how the mechanisms work. Design a container and pulley system which allows water to be collected and drawn up by at least 60cm using annotated sketches and computer aided design. Make a pulley system using wire, string or wool for the rope and wood, plastic or metal for the wheel, container and weight. Evaluate your own and others' products through a class challenge by monitoring whose project is the most effective through collecting the most water in the time given.			n teeth and body with a focus on ng (Look at the benefits of low ernative) grows and how it is processed. ge of desserts that contain a //low in artificial sugars. natural sugars/low in sugar, with ugar dessert using a range of g techniques. e desserts of peers. nich desserts were still sweet as reduced, or only natural sugars

Year 4	Autumn	Spring	Summer
Retrieval Vocabulary	Research, develop, design criteria, innovative, functional, appealing, products, generate, develop, model, discussion, annotated sketches exploded diagrams, prototypes, recycling, reuse	Research, design criteria, innovative, functional, appealing, products, generate, develop, model, discussion, annotated sketches exploded diagrams, prototypes, recycling, reuse	Flavour, taste, acidity, sweetness, fruity, nutty, creamy, bitter, sour, recipe, compliment, ingredient, dry, moist, bland, spicy, savoury, rich, salty, sugary, greasy, sour, slicing, grating, natural sugars, free sugars, food hygiene, alternative
New Vocabulary	Patterned piece, impact, repel	Pulleys, gears, develop	Nutrition, artificial, natural sugars



General: Through a variety of creative and practical activities, pupils should be taught the knowledge, understanding and skills needed to engage in an iterative process of designing and making. They should work in a range of relevant contexts [for example, the home, school, leisure, culture, enterprise, industry and the wider environment].

Year 5	Design	Make	E/A	Evaluate	A	Tech	ni <mark>cal</mark> Knowledge	Cooking and Nutrition
Knowledge, understanding and skills	 Use research and develop design criteria to inform the design of innovative, functional, appealing products that are fit for purpose, aimed at particular individuals or groups. Generate, develop, model and communicate their ideas through discussion, annotated sketches, cross-sectional and exploded diagrams, prototypes, pattern pieces and computer-aided design. 	Select from and use range of tools and e to perform practical example, cutting, sh joining and finishing accurately. Select from and use range of materials a components, includ construction materi and ingredients, acc their functional propaesthetic qualities	equipment I tasks [for naping, s], a a wider and ing als, textiles cording to	 Investigate and analyse a existing products. Evaluate their ideas and against their own design and consider the views of to improve their work. Understand how key ever individuals in design and technology have helped world. 	products criteria f others nts and	strengthen, complex str • Understand systems in t gears, pulled linkages.] • Understand in their production in their production buzzers and enderstand	and use mechanical heir products [for example, ys, cams, levers and and use electrical systems ducts [for example, series rporating switches, bulbs,	 Understand and apply the principles of a healthy and varied diet. Prepare and cook a variety of predominantly savoury dishes using a range of cooking techniques. Understand seasonality, and know where and how a variety of ingredients are grown, reared, caught and processed.
	Autumn			Spring				Summer
Key concept	Global Goal 13: Climate Action Theme: Important signs			al 4- Quality Education orces and Materials			Global Goal 2: Zero hung Theme: Traditional dishe	
Learning Outcome	Make a climate change protest sign Purpose: to use as part of a demonstration to raise awareness Significant people: Thomas Fisk Goff, English painter and designer of the infamous 'Hollywood' sign		Make a floating Vehicle Purpose: to transport a small object in water Significant people: Robert Fulton, inventor and builder of the first steamboat			lder of the	Make Anglo Saxon bread an Significant people: Taiwane Master Baker at the Paris Ba (ethnicity)	se baker Wu-Pao Chun, winner of
Sequence of learning	criteria of signs used in protests (e.g. memorable slogans, clear message, easy to carry/hold etc.) Research different form s of signs (e.g. banners, placards, sandwich boards etc.) • Include the most effective elements from the research process to incorporate into their own project. Design a protest sign in groups of 4 using annotated sketches ensuring it is lightweight, robustly constructed, can be comfortably carried and has a clear memorable message. • Use a range of materials including wood, plastic and fabric to make a sign which can be used effectively in a real-life protest.		advantage catamarar • Design a f diagrams of streamline • Make a flow wood, play based on the forming a technique • Evaluate if new settle experiment of the wat	 Research existing forms of floating vehicles and the advantages and drawbacks of their features (e.g. canoes, catamarans, dinghies, ferries, rafts, speedboats). Design a floating vehicle in groups of 4 cross-sectional diagrams considering how to ensure it will float, be stable, be streamlined, waterproof and watertight. Make a floating vehicle using a range of materials, including wood, plastic, polystyrene and cardboard, selecting materials based on whether they are waterproof and buoyant and forming a shape that is stable, while using watertight joining techniques. Evaluate how effectively the floating vehicles could transport new settlers across the ocean to North America during a class experiment (i.e. Lego people being transported from one side of the water tray to the other). Assess whether the project was stable or could be easily flipped over, was waterproof and 		Saxon times. Explore a var stew. • Design a vegetable/ meat including an exploded diagelements from the researce own product. Consider nur complimenting of flavours plaited bread) • Make a traditional stew by and meat alternative product adding stock. Make a loaf chosen dry ingredients to	iet of people living during Anglo iety of recipes for both bread and alternative stew and loaf of bread, gram, selecting the most favourable th strand to incorporate into their tritional value of ingredients, and presentational styles (e.g. y slicing and chopping vegetables ucts and boiling on the hob after of traditional bread by adding a bowl and slowly adding yeast and en kneading and forming into g in the oven.	

	Evaluate the success of the signs in terms of how memorable the slogans were, how easy they were to carry, how eye-catching they were in a crowd etc.	watertight or allowed water in and whether it was buoyant or sunk under additional weight.	Evaluate own and others dishes by tasting them at a class Beowulf Great Hall re-enactment of a famous dramatic scene. Assess based on how aesthetically pleasing the dish is, the balance of flavours and consistency and how well it is cooked.
Year 5	Autumn	Spring	Summer
Retrieval Vocabulary	Design, important, material, make, product, computer, shape, cut, equipment, resources, mock-up, finish	Research, develop, design criteria, innovative, functional, appealing, products, generate, develop, model, discussion, annotated sketches exploded diagrams, prototypes, recycling, reuse	Dish, healthy balanced meal, carbohydrates, food groups, vegetables, flavour, taste, acidity, sweetness, fruity, nutty, creamy, bitter, sour, recipe, compliment, ingredient, dry, moist, bland, spicy, savoury, rich, salty, sugary, greasy, sour
New Vocabulary	Awareness, protest, construction	Buoyant, watertight, stable	Compliment, consistency, yeast, knead

General: Through a variety of creative and practical activities, pupils should be taught the knowledge, understanding and skills needed to engage in an iterative process of designing and making. They should work in a range of relevant contexts [for example, the home, school, leisure, culture, enterprise, industry and the wider environment].

Year 6	Design	Make	EA	Evaluate	Tech	ni <mark>cal</mark> Knowledge	Cooking and Nutrition
Knowledge, understanding and skills	Use research and develop design criteria to inform the design of innovative, functional, appealing products that are fit for purpose, aimed at particular individuals or groups. Generate, develop, model and communicate their ideas through discussion, annotated sketches, crosssectional and exploded diagrams, prototypes, pattern pieces and computer-aided design.	Select from and use a v of tools and equipment practical tasks [for exarcutting, shaping, joining finishing], accurately. Select from and use a v of materials and composincluding construction textiles and ingredients to their functional propaesthetic qualities	to perform nple, g and vider range onents, materials, i, according	Investigate and analyse a range of existing products. Evaluate their ideas and products against their own design criteria and consider the views of others to improve their work. Understand how key events and individuals in design and technology have helped shape the world.	to strengt more com Understar systems ir example, g levers and Understar systems ir example, g incorporar buzzers ar Apply thei computing	r understanding of how hen, stiffen and reinforce plex structures. Id and use mechanical their products [for gears, pulleys, cams, linkages.] Id and use electrical their products [for gears circuits ting switches, bulbs, and motors.] Ir understanding of g to program, monitor of their products.	 Understand and apply the principles of a healthy and varied diet. Prepare and cook a variety of predominantly savoury dishes using a range of cooking techniques. Understand seasonality, and know where and how a variety of ingredients are grown, reared, caught and processed.
	Autum			Spring			Summer
Key concept	Global Goal 16- Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions Theme: Protecting Life		Global Goal 3 –Good Health and Well-being Theme: Mindfulness		Global Goal 7- Affordable and Clean Energy Theme: Electricity		
Learning Outcome	Make a WWII shelter Purpose: to create a safe protected space Significant people: Engineers and designers of the Anderson shelter, William Paterson and Oscar Carl Kerrison		Make a plush memory keepsake Purpose: to evoke happy memories in the recipient Significant people: Margarete Steiff, creator of one of the world's first teddy bears (gender and disability)			Make a fairground buzzer game Purpose: To test each other's skills and steady hands Significant people: WWII RAF electrician and inventor of the original electric buzz wire game, Robert Scrimshaw	
Sequence of learning	 Research a range of existing shelters which exist/existed to protect citizens during WWII times (e.g. Anderson shelters, underground bunkers, materials used, designed for maximum shock absorption etc.) Take inspiration from various existing shelters when designing own shelter, bearing in mind the necessary strong construction and the ability to absorb impact. Use a cross-sectional diagram to showcase the different layers involved in the construction. Make a shelter with a WWII citizen in mind (represented by an egg) using more sophisticated joining techniques (e.g. hot glue gunning) and a range of materials (wood, cardboard and plastic). Evaluate own and others projects during a class experiment in which the shelters are tested by dropping an increasing amount of weight onto them 		 Research existing keepsakes, what they are used for, why they are popular, what they mean to people, why they are special etc. Link to kindness Calendar and how we promote the spreading of kindness as a school. Design a plush soft toy keepsake in the shape of an animal, flower or favourite shape initially plotting out the basic form on a pattern piece using paper. Detail the materials that will be used (e.g. felt, cotton, denim, cord) and chosen joining techniques (e.g. gluing, stapling, running stitch, loop stich, cross stich). Make the keepsake with the chosen recipient in mind (a sibling, friend, parent) considering the colours, decoration and finish they will enjoy and appreciate the most. Ensure that the success criteria is met in that it evokes happy memories in the recipient. 		games which use them • Design an electronic bu requires a circuit using of the make a buzzer fairgrout includes a switch that countries which sounds on contact • Evaluate one another's	zzer fairground style game which computer programming. nd style game which uses a circuit that an be turned off and on and a buzzer	

	(representing an air strike) and monitoring at which point the citizen (the egg) can no longer survive.	Evaluate own project with the support of a short questionnaire/rating system filled in by the recipient assessing how well presented the project was, how personal it felt and reminded them of happy memories.	
Year 6	Autumn	Spring	Summer
Retrieval Vocabular Y	Design, awareness, important, material, make, product, draw, computer	shape, cut, equipment, resources, construct, finish, research, develop, design criteria,	innovative, functional, appealing, products, generate, develop, model, discussion, annotated sketches, prototypes, recycling, reuse
New Vocabulary	Structurally sound, withstand, shock-absorption	Prototype, pattern piece, loop stitch	Exploded diagram, computer programmed,